Inozyme Pharma is sponsoring ultra-rapid genetic testing at Rady Children's Institute for Genomic Medicine for infants suspected of having GACI

# Generalized arterial calcification of infancy

GACI, is characterized by narrowing of large and medium arteries caused by severe and pathological vascular calcification and neointimal proliferation, resulting in dysfunction and potential failure of major organs, such as the heart, lungs and kidneys.



### Who Should Be Tested for GACI



ABCC6, adenosine triphosphate binding cassette subfamily C member 6; CT, computed tomography, CTA, computed tomography angiography, ECHO, echocardiogram; ENPP1, ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase1; MRA, magnetic resonance angiography; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging. References: 1. Mulcahy CH, et al. J Congenit Cardiol. 2019;3(1). doi:10.1186/s40949-018-0022-1.z. Nasrallah FK, et al. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol. 2009;34(5):601-604. 3. Rutsch F, et al. Circ Cardiovasc Genet. 2008;12(2):133-140. 4. Ferreira CR, et al. In: Adam MP; et al. eds. GeneReviews\* [Internet]. University of Washington, Seattle; 1993-2020. 5. Ferreira CR, et al. J. Bone Miner Res. 2021;36(1):2193-2202. 6. Ferreira CR, et al. 2021;32(1):2193-2202. 6. Ferreira CR, et al. 2012;3(2):396-407. 7. Chong CR, Hutchins GM. Pediatr Dev Pathol. 2008;11(5):405-415. 8. Ramirez-Suarez KI, et al. Pediatr Radiol. Published online April 19, 2022. doi:10.1007/s00247-022-05364-0

© 2022 Inozyme Pharma, Inc. All rights reserved.

#### To access the sponsored testing program, please reach out to Catherine Nester, Inozyme Pharma at <u>Catherine.nester@inozyme.com</u> or 717-587-0845

## **ENPP1 Deficiency Trial in Infants: The ENERGY-1 Study**

#### **Study Overview**

Study INZ701-104 (the ENERGY-1 study) is a Phase 1b, open-label study to assess the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics (PK), and pharmacodynamics (PD) of INZ-701 in infant subjects with ENPP1 Deficiency (Generalized arterial calcification of infancy).

#### **Key Inclusion Criteria:**

•Subject must have a post-natal confirmed molecular genetic diagnosis of ENPP1 Deficiency with biallelic mutations

(ie, homozygous or compound heterozygous)

•Subject must be male or female ages birth to <1 year of age at Baseline

•Subject must weigh  $\geq$  0.5 kg at the time of the first dose of INZ-701

#### Find a Study Site

The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States, 19104 Contact: Maximilian Krumpholz 267-432-0511 krumpholm1@chop.edu Contact: Rachel Walega 267-586-5969 WALEGAR1@chop.edu

Nationwide Children's Hospital Columbus, Ohio Contact: Bimal Chaudhari, MD 614-722-3535 Bimal.Chaudhari@nationwidechildrens.org Contact: Marina Artemova, PhD 614-722-2655 Marina.artemova@nationwidechildrens.org Boston Children's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts, United States, 02115 Contact: Alayna Dutcher 617-355-0741 Alayna.dutcher@childrens.harvard.edu Contact: Andrea Hale, RN, MHP 617-919-2867 andrea.hale@childrens.harvard.edu

Rady Children's Hospital San Diego, California Contact: Phoebe Chandler 858-576-1700 x220096 pchandler@rchsd.org

University of Utah Salt Lake City, Utah Contact: Carrie Bailey 801-587-3605 Carrie.bailey@hsc.Utah.edu Manchester Childrens Hospital Manchester, UK Contact: Charlotte Boe <u>charlotte.boe@mft.nhs.uk</u>

# https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05734196